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09/911,554	07/23/2001	Lance E. Hacking	42390P12242	4419
7590 05/17/2004 BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP Seventh Floor 12400 Wilshire Boulevard Los Angeles, CA 90025-1026			EXAMINER	
			KENDALL, CHUCK O	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Los Aligeies, V	OA 70025-1020		2122 DATE MAILED: 05/17/2004	, 6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application N	lo. Applicant(s)	1
Office Action Commence	09/911,554	HACKING ET AL	//
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Chuck Kenda		
The MAILING DATE of this commun Period for Reply	nication appears on the co	er sheet with the correspondence a	ddress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN - Extensions of time may be available under the provision: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this com: - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (: - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum s - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for repl Any reply received by the Office later than three months earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ICATION. s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, h munication. 30) days, a reply within the statutory tatutory period will apply and will exp y will, by statute, cause the application	owever, may a reply be timely filed minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered time sire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this on to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ely. communication.
Status			
 Responsive to communication(s) fil This action is FINAL. Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the pract 	2b) This action is non- for allowance except for	formal matters, prosecution as to th	ne merits is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-27 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restrict	are withdrawn from consid		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the specification is objected to by the specific speci	e: a) accepted or b) cection to the drawing(s) be high the correction is required in	eld in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). f the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 C	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority	y documents have been re y documents have been re s of the priority documents onal Bureau (PCT Rule 1	eceived. eceived in Application No s have been received in this Nations 7.2(a)).	al Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 of Paper No(s)/Mail Date	(PTO-948) or PTO/SB/08) 5)	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application (P Other:	TO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is in response to the amendment filed 02/24/04.

2. Claims 1 – 27 have been examined.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1 5 and 9 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Barritz et al. USPN 6,519,766 in view of Lanning USPN 5,787,285 and further in view of Adams USPN 5,465,258.

Regarding claim 1, Barritz disclose a method comprising: obtaining performance data on multiple programs that run on at least one system, the performance data including a first system profile for each program, the performance data obtained from a tool (Col. 4 lines 32-38). Barritz doesn't explicitly automatically sorting the performance data for each profile to allow for comparison between profiles. However Lanning does disclose this feature (Col. 8 lines 65, to Col. 9 lines 10). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Barritz and Lanning because, being able to compare gathered information makes performance analyzing more efficient.

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The combination of Barritz and Lanning doesn't disclose a first programs run on a first system configuration of a system and obtaining performance data on the first program run on a second system configuration of the system, the performance data including seperate system profile for the program, corresponding to the first and second system configurations. However, Adams does disclose collecting performance data on a first program (target program) on a first configuration (target computer) which is compared to the performance of a first program (target program) on a another computer (3:17 – 47). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skills in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Barritz and Lanning with Adams because, comparing performance results with another computer would make evaluating the system more efficient.

Regarding claim 2, Adams further discloses per claim 1, obtaining performance data on the first program run on a first system configuration of a second system and obtaining performance data on the first program run on a second system configuration of the second system, the performance data including a separate profile for the program corresponding to the first and second system configurations for the second system, the performance data obtained from a tool (3:17-47); and

automatically sorting the performance data for each profile to allow for comparison between profiles (for profile, see storing results Adams, 3: 40 – 45).

Regarding claim 3, the method of claim 2 further comprising comparing the performance data of the first system with the second system (Lanning, Col. 8 lines 65, to Col. 9 lines 10, see comparing profile information for different environments).

Regarding claim 4, the method of claim 3 further comprising: obtaining additional performance data for both systems using the tool (Barritz, Col. 9 lines 24- 30).

automatically sorting the additional performance data of both systems (Barritz, Col. 9 lines 24- 30, see specific to event); and comparing the additional

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performance data of the first system with the second system (Lanning, Col. 8 lines 65, to Col. 9 lines 10).

Regarding claims 5 and 12, the method of claim 1 wherein obtaining performance data on a number of programs that run on a system comprises: collecting data on multiple programs run on a system during a sampling period based on performance counters (Barritz, 10:25-30, also see12: 40-45); and transferring the data to a file(9:25-30, see write to file).

Regarding claims 9 and 11, Barritz disclose all the claimed limitations as applied in claim 1. Barritz doesn't explicitly dividing an address range of each program into a number bins and listing the performance data for each bin according to specified criteria. However, Lanning does disclose these features (Lanning, see segments for bins (3:23-27), also see Lanning, 4:55-67, for criteria see P1 and P2). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Barritz and Lanning because, being dividing programs into divisions or segments "increases maintainability and reliability of executable code, since optimization provides software programs which are well partitioned and functionally organized".

Regarding claim 10, the method of claim 9 wherein the specified criteria is time –based (Barritz, 9:24-25).

Regarding claim 13, the method of claim 1 further comprising displaying the sorted information on a display (Barritz, figure 1, 108, displays information).

Regarding claim 14, the method of claim 1 wherein the performance data profiles include central processing unit (CPU) event measurements (Barritz, 42:10-15).

Regarding claim 15, the method of claim 1 wherein the first system is a first processor and the second system is a second processor (Adams, 3: 44 – 50, see post processor and another computer).

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Regarding claim 16, Examiner is applying the same rationale to claim, which is the machine-readable version of the method claim as discussed in claim 1 above.

Regarding claim 17, Examiner is applying the same rationale to claim, which is the machine-readable version of the method claim as discussed in claim 14 above.

Regarding claim 18, Examiner is applying the same rationale to claim, which is the machine-readable version of the method claim as discussed in claim 15 above.

Regarding claim 19, Examiner is applying the same rationale to claim, which is the system version of the method claim as discussed in claim 1 above.

Regarding claim 20, the system of claim 19 further comprising a comparator to compare the profiles (Lanning, Col. 8 lines 65, to Col. 9 lines 10, see comparing profile information for different environments).

Regarding claim 21, Examiner is applying the same rationale to claim, which is the system version of the machine-readable storage medium as discussed in claim 13 above.

Regarding claim 22, Examiner is applying the same rationale to claim, which is the system version of the machine-readable storage medium as discussed in claim 17 above.

Regarding claim 23, Examiner is applying the same rationale to claim, which is the system version of the machine-readable storage medium as discussed in claim 18 above.

Regarding claim 24, Examiner is applying the same rationale to claim, which is the system version of the method claim as discussed in claim 5 above.

5. Claims 6, and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Barritz et al. USPN 6,519,766 as applied in claim 5, in view of Lanning USPN 5,787,285 and further in view of Adams USPN 5,465,258.

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Regarding claim 6, Barritz as modified by Lanning discloses all the claimed limitations as applied in claim 5 above. The combination of Barritz and Lanning doesn't explicitly disclose wherein one performance counter is clock ticks. However Adams does disclose this feature (Col. 5 line 67). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Barritz as modified by Lanning with Adams because, using clock ticks during counting ensures "absolute time from start of execution".

Regarding claim 25, Examiner is applying the same rationale to claim, which is the system version of the method claim as discussed in claim 6 above.

6. Claims 7, 8, 26 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Barritz et al. USPN 6,519,766, in view of Lanning USPN 5,787,285 and further in view of Adams USPN 5,465,258 as applied in claim 5, and further in view of Dean et al. USPN 6,070,009.

Regarding claim 7, Barritz as modified discloses the claimed limitations as applied in claim 5 above. Neither Barritz, nor Lanning, nor Adams explicitly disclose wherein one performance counter is retired instructions. However Dean does disclose this feature (6:45-47). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Barritz as modified by Lanning and Adams with Dean because, tracking retired instructions makes maintaining resource more efficient.

Regarding claim 8, Barritz as modified discloses the claimed limitations as applied in claim 5 above. Neither Barritz, nor Lanning, nor Adams explicitly disclose wherein one performance counter is cache misses. However Dean does disclose this feature (6:45-50). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Barritz as modified by Lanning and Adams with Dean because, tracking cache misses helps to prevent stalling (Dean 4:20-35).

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Regarding claim 26, Examiner is applying the same rationale to claim, which is the system version of the method claim as discussed in claim 7 above.

Regarding claim 27, Examiner is applying the same rationale to claim, which is the system version of the method claim as discussed in claim 8 above.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 -27 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will

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the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Correspondence Information

9. Any inquires concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chuck O. Kendall who may be reached via telephone at (703) 308-6608. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday between 8:00 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. est.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tuan Dam can be reached at (703) 305-4552.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

For facsimile (fax) send to 703-7467239 official and 703-7467240 draft

Chuck B. Kendall

Software Ingineer Patent Ixaminer

United States Department of Commerce

Mr. M. N WEI ZTICK Primary Examin